LABOR CLARION

The Official Journal of the San Francisco Labor Jouncil

Vol. XXXVI

San Francisco, February 12, 1937

No. 2

Proposition No. 19 Indorsed by Jurist, High Churchman

The campaign for the repeal of the anti-picketing ordinance, No. 19 on the ballot for the special election on March 9, has received support from Judge Sylvain J. Lazarus.

In a statement issued to the General Campaign Committee for the Repeal of the Ordinance Judge Lazarus declared that the law is "an anachronism and should be wiped off the books." In going on record as favoring the repeal of the ordinance Judge Lazarus said:

"I do not hesitate to say that I regard peaceful picketing as being a just and proper, and sometimes the exclusive, method whereby organized labor can protect its rights and prerogatives. I emphasize the word 'peaceful.' There is no need of a so-called anti-picketing ordinance to deal with acts of violence or intimidation. If such acts are committed or instigated by the proponents of either side in the course of an industrial dispute there are abundant laws to cover such a situation, and such laws should be equally and impartially applied against all violators.

Ordinance Is an Anachronism

"I may be pardoned for commenting on the fact that the world, and more particularly our own nation, has made considerable social progress since the dark and repressive days when labor was prevented in this and other communities from even the peaceful protection of its rights and the orderly presentation of its grievances. In the light of such progress, denial of the right of peaceful picketing is an anachronism and should be wiped off the books."

Bishop James C. Baker of the San Francisco area of the Methodist Episcopal Church will support the campaign to repeal the anti-picketing ordinance, No. 19 on the ballot, for the special election on March 9, it was announced by Thomas L. Chambers, chairman of the General Campaign Committee.

In a statement issued to the committee for the repeal of the ordinance Bishop Baker said:

Violation of Vital Privileges

"I am glad that the San Francisco Board of Supervisors has placed on the ballot the referendum on the repeal of San Francisco's anti-picketing ordinance. In my opinion this ordinance should have been repealed long since, for it is a violation of vital privileges belonging to labor under our form of government."

Thirty-three civic organizations have so far gone on record as favoring the repeal of the ordinance, according to indorsements received at headquarters of the General Campaign Committee, Room 410 Grant building.

The campaign has also been indorsed by every labor union in San Francisco affiliated with the Labor Council, the Building Trades Council and the Railway Brotherhoods.

PLATE GLASS WORKERS WIN

Their three-months-old strike ended under a wage agreement providing for the "highest minimum labor rates in American industry," workers of five Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company plants have returned to work. The strike had threatened

to curtail automobile production through loss of production of glass for cars. The agreement for vides 63 cents an hour for men and 55 cents for women (both common labor), time and a lalf hovertime in excess of forty-two hours week y, and recognition of seniority rights.

SECRETARY PERKINS SETS SCALE

Secretary of Labor Perkins has fixed \$15 for a forty-hour week, or 37.5 cents an hour as the minimum to be paid by the men's working clothing industry in manufacturing garments for the government.

California Farmers Want Repeal Of Reciprocal Tariff Measure

California's congressional delegation has been asked by Alex Johnson, secretary-treasurer of the California Farm Bureau Federation, to work for the repeal of the 1934 reciprocal tariff act.

Advising California senators and congressmen of the sentiment prevailing against this measure, Johnson quoted the resolution adopted two years ago by the federation, in which leading growers, farmers and livestock men resolved:

"That the California Farm Bureau Federation demand the repeal of the 1934 reciprocal tariff act and the abrogation of existing trade treaties, tariffs or agreements detrimental to domestic agricultural producers."

Mass Meeting Called to Organize San Francisco Department Stores

A determined effort to organize the department store clerks of San Francisco is under way, with Miss Marion Brown, organizer of the Retail Clerks' International Protective Association, in charge of the campaign.

A mass meeting of clerks and others interested has been called for Tuesday evening, February 16, in the Millinery Workers' Hall, 1067 Market street, at which Miss Carmen Lucia of the Millinery Workers will preside. Among the speakers will be Jack Shelley, president of the San Francisco Labor Council, and Miss Jennie Matyas, organizer of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

Speaking of the campaign, Miss Brown said: "We are making an intensive drive to organize all department stores, including the 5 and 10-cent stores. So far the response has been gratifying, and we expect a large meeting."

Strikebreakers Hired

The Encinal Terminal plant of the California Packing Corporation, closed nearly two weeks ago in a labor dispute over organization of its warehousemen, was reopened Monday last, and seven auto loads of workers, approximating fifty men, were reported to have been taken through picket lines by guards.

More than twenty policemen under the personal direction of Chief of Police Vern Smith of Alameda were on hand, and no disturbances were reported. Picket lines were composed of members of the Warehousemen's Union, according to Warren G. Denton, president of the union.

Denton said his group might have some announcement later as to the program to be pursued in connection with the controversy.

Automobile Strike Is Terminated With Signed Agreement

at 2:34 a. m. yesterday at Detroit that an agreement had been reached between the United Automobile Workers of America and the General Motors Corporation, ending the forty-two-day-old strike. The governor said:

"An agreement has been reached under the terms of which the union agrees to end the strike. The signing of the agreement will be made this morning at 11 o'clock. Terms of the agreement will be announced then."

He added that General Motors officials and union representatives and all parties to the conference "contributed all that they could with earnestness and fairness to bring to a conclusion this great industrial conflict. I gratefully thank them.

"Reason Has Prevailed"

"Another grateful duty that is mine is to announce the wise counsel and assistance given me by James F. Dewey, a federal labor conciliator.

by James F. Dewey, a federal labor conciliator.

"It has been a difficult job, but reason has prevailed.

"We hope it will serve toward ending forever in the United States anything but peaceful, reasonable and conciliatory methods."

It was learned from a highly reliable source, says the Associated Press, that the agreement would provide recognition of the union as a bargaining agency for its members only, with certain guarantees for security demanded by the union, the nature of which could not be learned.

The conference was called by Governor Murphy at the "wish" of President Roosevelt.

Militia Demobilized

Governor Murphy gave orders, after announcing the agreement, to demobilize the 3300 Michigan National Guardsmen concentrated at Flint, Mich., "hot spot" of the labor dispute, as soon as the plants have been evacuated and it "appears certain that an orderly situation exists."

A reliable informant said the "sit-down" strikers occupying three General Motors plants would leave as soon as possible after the agreement has been signed, and that production would be resumed as quickly as conditions permit.

It was also said that other points at issue—considered minor to the question of union recognition—would be negotiated in another conference to be started soon after the terms of the present settlement have been fulfilled.

INFORMATION ON CHILD LABOR

Representative Edith Nourse Rogers has introduced in Congress a resolution calling upon the secretary of labor to furnish Congress with statistics by states on the number of children employed between 16 and 18 years old inclusive and their wages. "It is important that Congress should know the extent of child labor," Mrs. Rogers said in a floor speech. "If the Labor Department cannot give us the data, I will ask for an immediate census of the situation."

Maritime Workers Vote To Accept Agreements

As a result of the Coast-wide vote of the maritime unions the ninety-eight-day strike which completely tied up Pacific Coast shipping came to an end on Thursday of last week, and on the following day the waterfront was a scene of activity as the numerous vessels at the docks and anchored in the Bay prepared to resume operations.

Approximately 35,906 of the members of the various unions comprising the Maritime Federation of the Pacific voted to accept the tentative agreements negotiated with the shipowners and 5036 voted "No." By unions the count was as follows:

Cooks and Stewards, 2160 to 896; Marine Telegraphists, 270 to 29; Masters, Mates and Pilots, 1784 to 66; Marine Engineers, 1628 to 448; Sailors, 2768 to 409 to accept the offshore agreement, and 2616 to 369 to accept the steam schooner agreement; Longshoremen, 10,985 to 913; Firemen, 2054 to 218 to accept their Alaskan agreement, 2043 to 190 to ratify their steam schooner pact, 857 to 1234 to reject the offshore accord, but 1684 to 487 to return to work and arbitrate.

Conclusion of Strike Announced

Formal announcement of the ending of the strike came from Henry Schmidt, president of I. L. A. 38-79, who emerged from a meeting of the joint policy committee of the Maritime Federation of the Pacific Coast to declare unanimous adoption of the following resolution:

"It having been determined by majority vote of the membership of organizations associated (with the Federation) that tentative agreements arrived at by their respective negotiating committees were acceptable, the Pacific Coast maritime strike called on October 28, 1936, is herewith officially declared off and the Coast policy committee recommends to associated organizations they advise their membership to report immediately to their respective jobs."

Want Federal Investigation

Prior to dissolving the policy committee resolutions of gratitude to the several union committees,



to the general chairman, Henry Schmidt, and to Secretary Brown were adopted.

It then adopted resolutions of condemnation for the Maritime and Transportation Servicemen's Union of the Pacific Coast, headed by Lee J. Holman, and the Officers' Association of the United States, whose head was named as Emile Topp. They recommended a federal investigation of the two organizations.

PREPARING FOR STRIKE

The Building Service Employees' International Union is preparing a strike campaign aimed at forcing owners of 2000 New York buildings to sign closed shop agreements with the union. James J. Bambrick, president of the Greater New York council of the union, said the strikes will begin at once. Key buildings for strike action have already been picked by union agents.

SEEKING RADIO PROBE

Congressman William P. Connery, Jr., of the House labor committee has introduced a resolution to appoint a seven-member committee to investigate charges of monopoly in the radio broadcasting field. The resolution empowers a thorough investigation into "charges of irregularities in or pertaining to the monopoly" in radio arising from the 1934 Federal Communications Act, Connery said. "During the past year I have received hundreds of complaints against alleged monopoly," he added. Under the terms of the resolution the Speaker would appoint the committee, which would have broad powers to subpoena records and witnesses and report its findings with recommendations for corrective legislation, if needed

Nevada Falls Into Line

Nevada became the twenty-sixth state to ratify the child labor amendment to the federal Constitution when the Assembly passed a Senate joint resolution of approval by a 30 to 8 vote.

As a result of the action by Nevada, supporters of the child labor amendment are hoping that a new wave of state ratifications is under way which will place the amendment in the Constitution this year.

In addition to Nevada, Kentucky has approved the amendment since January 1. Concurrence by ten more states is necessary to place the provision, pending since 1924, in the Constitution. Twenty-six states have approved the amendment.

The United States Children's Bureau, headed by Katherine F. Lenroot, which has long urged enactment of the amendment, pointed out that approval of the provision would give Congress specific authority to deal with one of the four major labor problems covered by the invalidated N.R.A. The others are minimum wages, maximum hours and collective bargaining.

DRINK CASWELL'S COFFEE

SUtter 6654

GEO. W. CASWELL CO.

442 Second Street

The First Bank in the Mission District



THE MISSION BRANCH

SAFE DEPOSIT DEPARTMENT

THE COST—Slightly over One Cent a Day
THE RESULT — Security — No Worry

Leave your valuables in a Safe Deposit Box or Store Your Suit Cases, Bulky Packages and Trunks in this Bank while on your vacation. Storage Rates on Application.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA Mission Branch

Member Federal Reserve System
SIXTEENTH STREET AND JULIAN AVENUE

Summary of Provisions Of New Judiciary Bill

The Judiciary Reorganization Bill which President Roosevelt sent to Congress last week provides for creating a maximum of fifty new federal judgeships.

Appointment of new judges would be limited to those courts in which the incumbent judges had served for at least ten years and passed the retirement age of 70 without leaving the bench.

Limitations proposed would prevent the addition of more than six new members to the Supreme Court, raising the total to fifteen. The number of judges in any federal judicial district could not be more than doubled and not more than two new judges could be appointed to any circuit court of appeals.

A new judge would have concurrent jurisdiction with the old one whose bench he shared "except the power of appointment to a statutory position or of permanent designation of a newspaper or depository of funds."

Creation of new judgships would be on a permanent basis. For example, if six new justices were appointed to the Supreme Court the court thereafter would have a membership of fifteen.

Under the bill any district or circuit judge appointed after its enactment could be assigned to serve in courts other than the one to which he was named. Such assignments would be made by the chief justice to speed up disposition of cases in courts with crowded dockets.

The measure would authorize the Supreme Court to appoint a proctor to report on "the volume, character and status" of litigation in lower courts, to investigate the need of shifting district and circuit judges about and to recommend methods of expediting disposition of cases.

The proctor would be paid \$10,000 a year. The bill provides for an appropriation of \$100,000 for the salaries of additional judges and other expenses authorized by the act.

BECK FILES DAMAGE SUITS

David Beck, member of the Teamsters' Union and prominent labor leader in Seattle, has filed two suits in the Superior Court in that city asking total damages of \$550,000 from the Hearst Publications, Inc., and two radio stations, because of statements concerning him allegedly made in broadcasts during the recent "Post-Intelligencer" strike called by the Seattle chapter of the American Newspaper Guild.

Municipal Court Shows Receipts More Than Balance Expenditures

The report of the Municipal Court of San Francisco has recently been submitted to the Board of Supervisors by Charles R. Boden, presiding judge.

Criminal proceedings handled by the various departments during the year 1936 were 111,571, and civil actions, 37,075. The receipts during the year were \$217,412.34, and the expenditures \$197,148. Judge Boden calls the particular attention of the Labor Clarion to the fact that receipts exceeded expenditures by the sum of \$10,264.34.

MARIN-DELL MILK

100% UNION

LISTEN TO BUDDA EVERY SATURDAY—KFRC 8-9

King's Denunciation of Civic Welfare League

An attack on the Civic Welfare League and an exposé of the forces behind it have been made in a statement issued by Clarence H. King, secretary of the General Campaign Committee for the Repeal of the Anti-Picketing Ordinance.

The Civic Welfare League was organized last week for the purpose of opposing the repeal of the anti-picketing ordinance. Although publicity statements issued by the league refer to the backing of public-spirited citizens, housewives, workingmen and clubwomen, all supporters with the exception of two have so far remained anonymous.

In a statement issued at the time of the organization, the league speaks in behalf of "labor."

"Labor has not asked the Civic Welfare League to act as its spokesman," King said. "We demand that the League leave labor out of its statements in the future. Labor is taking care of its own interests through the organization of a General Campaign Committee for the Repeal of the Anti-Picketing Ordinance. The League will get nowhere masquerading as a friend of the workingman because labor sees through the thin disguise.

"The Civic Welfare League is just another name for the Industrial Association, the Chamber of Commerce, the shipowners and other labor-hating organizations. Nobody in San Francisco, labor least of all, is fooled by this false front. These are the same interests who spent \$1,000,000 twenty years ago to put this ordinance on our law books.

"Not daring to give their real reasons for opposing the repeal of this ordinance, they are putting up the usual smoke screen to hide their selfish

"They can't come right out and declare that it is their profits and their freedom to exploit labor for which they are fighting. Instead they pretend to be anxious to keep violence and disorder out of labor disputes. Let us make it clear right now that no group in San Francisco is more interested in peaceful picketing than labor. It is the workingman on the picket line, not the industrialists in their safe offices, who are beaten and shot when there is disorder in labor disputes.

"We want the right to picket peacefully in San Francisco. Prohibition of this right is what gives rise to disorder. When the properly constituted

REASONABLE PRICES PREVAIL

JULIUS S. GODEAU, Inc.

41 VAN NESS AVE. HEmlock 1230 100 PER CENT UNION

Get Your Next

SUIT

ROOS BROS.

90-Day Charge Accounts Without Extra Charge or Interest

MARKET AT STOCKTON STREET

labor authorities can regulate picketing there is never any trouble."

Outstanding developments in labor's campaign to repeal the anti-picketing ordinance during the last week were the organization of a lawyers' committee and an organization of a mailing department to send literature to every trade-unionist in San Francisco. Literature is also being sent to every civic and fraternal organization, to political bodies and to women's clubs.

WIFE OF JUDGE RALSTON DEAD

Mrs. Sarah B. Rankin Ralston, 79, wife of Judge Jackson H. Ralston, international jurist, died at her home in Palo Alto last Monday. She was a cousin of former Secretary of State John Hay. Judge Ralston formerly was legal counsel for the American Federation of Labor at Washington,

Alaska Cannery Workers

JACK BEROLLA Secretary Alaska Cannery Workers' Union

The Alaska Cannery Workers' Union, affiliated with the Maritime Federation of the Pacific, takes a great deal of pride in the fact that, although they were not out on strike, their members aided the striking maritime unions.

Five hundred members of the Alaska Cannery Workers' Union faithfully picketed every day for those unions on strike, thereby helping to solidify the unity of the Maritime Federation and living up to the slogan of "an injury to one is an injury to

The Alaska Cannery Workers' Union is not taking in any new members at the present time. The books of the union are closed until the latter part of March, at which time the unions will issue permits to men wishing to work in the Alaska can-

EVERYTHING

FOR THE

HOME

EASY TERMS

Sterling BUNSTER & SAXE

Organization Plans Outlined by Bridges

Word from Los Angeles is to the effect that Harry Bridges, district president of the International Longshoremen's Association, who was ill at the home of a friend in that city, would enter a hospital upon his return to San Francisco to undergo an operation.

Adressing a mass meeting on Monday night, at which Mayor Dore of Seattle also was a speaker, Bridges predicted peace in the maritime industry and declared.

"However, the Teamsters' Union, now seeking to extend its organization, has been denied access to several docks and has been blocked from using the highways for organizational purposes. If they are denied the privilege of organizing on the docks and on the highways they may call on the maritime unions for help. They have helped us; we can't say 'no' to them."

Bridges urged an "extension of union organization into Los Angeles" and said: "This will be our hardest fight on the Pacific Coast, but we're used to hard fights."

An actual picketing program was postponed until a later date, however, said J. J. Bardwell, San Pedro Teamsters' Union secretary. The district council of the Maritime Federation requested such action, according to Bardwell, citing depleted strike funds

Help Put This Label



On All Menu Cards

Use your influence as a patron of restaurants to have the proprietors place all their printing orders with union shops.

You will be helping the union plants to maintain fair working conditions for members of the allied printing trades crafts.

San Francisco Typographical Union continues its campaign to increase the volume of union-label restaurant printing. Demand the Union Label.

FIRST in San Francisco

The San Francisco Bank last year, for the second consecutive year, led in the financing of San Francisco real estate by recording more than 25% of all loans.

In addition the bank took the lead throughout northern California in sponsoring the Federal Housing Loan plan . . . the finest plan ever offered for home financing.

THE SAN FRANCISCO BANK

Incorporated February 10, 1868 • Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

THE LARGEST EXCLUSIVE SAVINGS BANK IN THE WEST

LABOR CLARION

Published Weekly by the S. F. Labor Council

Telephone MArket 0056
Office, S. F. Labor Temple. 2940 Sixteenth Street
CHAS. A. DERRY
Editor and Manager

Entered as second-class matter August 10, 1918, at the postoffice at San Francisco, California, under the act of March 3, 1879.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1937

Reform of the Judiciary

The proposals for judicial reform submitted to Congress by President Roosevelt last week have naturally and justifiably started a country-wide discussion which promises to extend for months, or till the law-making body finally disposes of the subject.

The arguments for each of the proposals which the President submitted will furnish texts for thousands of speeches, radio addresses and newspaper articles, which is "all to the good," as citizens will have an opportunity to brush up on their knowledge of the Constitution, which Gladstone declared to be the greatest document ever conceived by the mind of man in the interest of human rights.

Looking over the comments of public men so far furnished by the press, one is impressed by the discouraging thought that the discussion promises to be anything but impartial. Glancing merely at the names of the men quoted, it seems that the reader has a premonition of the words of each speaker. For instance, he is not surprised that Senator Borah "would not care at this time to discuss increasing the Supreme Court," or that Senator Robinson is satisfied that "the program of the message is in no sense a violent innovation." The declaration of Representative Snell that "the administration already has destroyed the economic stability of the country; now it proposes to destroy the judicial stability," is a strictly partisan viewpoint that was to be expected, and the further wail that "this is pretty near the beginning of the end of everything" is what every informed person would have predicted of the reactionary Snell. Also the comment of Hamilton Fish that "the message is sheer political hypocrisy" is typical of the die-hard "economic royalist." Carter Glass's objection to "any tinkering with the Supreme Court" also took no one by surprise.

On the other hand there are those equally partisan supporters of the President who are ready to support the program in its entirety. These include California's Senator McAdoo, Senator Black of Alabama, Senator Minton of Indiana and others.

Happily there are those members of Congress who are willing to discuss the proposals on their merits. The chairman of the House committee on judiciary confines his remarks to the statement that "the proposals will be given serious consideration by our committee." And the veteran liberal Senator Norris wisely says:

"The President's message has very graphically called the attention of the country to the unfortunate condition that exists in our judiciary. I commend and agree with every word he has said in that respect. I doubt, however, the wisdom of the remedy suggested by the President. The whole

subject is a perplexing one, and I hope and believe that Congress will be able to solve it."

The whole of the President's message accompanying the proposals for the reform of the judiciary was based on the axiom that "justice delayed is justice denied." When this is generally recognized it should not be impossible for Congress to arrive at a solution of the problems to which he calls attention without the necessity of an amendment to the Constitution, which at this time he is not suggesting.

A Gift for Denunciation

James A. Reed, former senator from Missouri, can always be depended upon to emerge from the obscurity to which he was consigned by the people when any measure is proposed for the amelioration of the condition of the common people—not on the side of the proposal, but to give outlet for his great "gift" of denunciation. Jim is a great denouncer. He spent his time in Congress denouncing every piece of legislation intended for human betterment, and was given the greatest opportunity of his life to exercise his talent when President Wilson espoused the League of Nations, intended to bring about the settlement of disputes between nations without resort to war.

When the National Industrial Recovery Act was enacted Jim was given another opportunity for denunciation—this time with a personal motive, for Jim's wife was an employer in the garment industry. The meager wage scale which the clothing industry code provided for the workers was greatly in excess of that paid by Mrs. Reed, and she came in contact with the courts. Jim went to her rescue and also went through the country denouncing the N.R.A. and all its works.

Now James is given another apportunity. The Associated Press evidently thinks his views on the President's judiciary reform measure are of importance, though it does not say why. It seems that Jim "commented bitterly" on the measure at Kansas City, and gave voice to this gem:

"It is calculated to destroy the Constitution itself. It is the most damnable thing that has occurred since this government was founded."

It is notable that every time Jim is called upon to denounce measures for the general good they are "the most damnable."

Land Hoggers Didn't Like It

Some employing farmers and large landholders didn't like the results of the recent federal farm tenancy hearing held in San Francisco. Said the "Pacific Rural Press":

"The farm tenancy did not talk much about tenancy. It was talked at on the labor question." . . . "Farm tenancy is not the problem in the West; it is in other parts of the nation."

California is young yet. Older parts of the nation show the way. An influx of cash and mortgage buyers with wealth earned or acquired elsewhere delays the inevitable results.

In the period of 1930 to 1935 forty-six of the fifty-eight California counties showed an increase in the social disease—farm tenancy. The number of California farms increased 10.8 per cent and farm tenancy 34 per cent.

The handwriting is on the wall. That California has less farm tenancy than other parts of the nation is stupid encouragement. In any case it does not follow as a conclusion that California landholders are different or have any desire to help the landless to land.

The problem is not merely tenantry. It breaks out as a wages problem here, a mortgage problem there, slums in the cities, and low wages everywhere

The California State Federation of Labor is pledged to a proper treatment of the cancerous tenantry and low-wage farm problem. At four past annual conferences it has pledged itself to untax the products of labor and business, to wipe out

taxes on the purchases of the people, and to increase taxes on the privilege of holding lands of value. This is a direct and positive treatment. The power to tax is the power to cure, heal, and make for abundant employment. Taxes stop employment. Will we have less land by taxing land value?

The death of Elihu Root at the age of 94 years marks the passing of a great lawyer, an eminent statesman and a patriot. While his life had been passed in environments not at all conducive to sympathetic consideration of the claims of the workers for removal of the evils of our present economic system, yet he did his duty in the high offices which he held as he saw it. As senator from New York, as secretary of war and as secretary of state he devoted his great talents to the service of his country with marked distinction, and as acknowledged leader of the American bar he held a place in the esteem of the country second to none. It is probable that the fortunes of politics alone prevented him from becoming President.

Thomas Kennedy, international secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America and lieutenant-governor of Pennsylvania, appeared before the United States Senate committee on labor recently in support of the resolution introduced by Senator Neeley of West Virginia calling for a Senate investigation of the General Motors Corporation. This resolution has been supported by the United Automobile Workers and the other four-teen organizations of the Committee for Industrial Organization.

President Roosevelt has cracked down on those who write as "one of the President's closest advisers" with this blunt statement: "The President announced the death of the 'official spokesman' in March, 1933. He now announces the passing of the so-called authoritative spokesmen—those who write as 'one of the President's closest advisers.'" Presidential aides declined to say against whom the statement was aimed.

A SUGGESTION

Editor Labor Clarion:

Labor must not permit the La Follette investigating committee to be stopped. The rider attached to the relief appropriations bill passed by Congress will end all hopes of this committee completing its work. On the basis of a 10-cent assessment organized labor affiliated with the A. F. of L. and C. I. O. can raise \$500,000, which would be more than enough to enable this committee to complete its investigation on the activities of labor spies, etc., in industry.

The progressive San Francisco Labor Council should immediately sponsor such action. Beginning here, the movement would quickly spread throughout the nation.

N. MYERS.

ADULTS SEEK EDUCATION

During 1936, the enrollment of adults in vocational classes totaled approximately 410,000, according to the report of the United States Commissioner of Education. Of this number, 110,000 were farmers seeking instruction to aid them in revising farm management practices with respect to new developments in agriculture. About 164,000 were trade and industrial workers who sought new techniques in their trades, while 136,000 were women seeking to improve themselves. The report also states that the nineteen public forum centers now established in nineteen states under the Educational Radio Project comprise a gross population of approximately 4,000,000 people.

Most people would succeed in small things if they were not troubled with great ambitions.— Longfellow.

Packing House Strike Averted by Agreement

A tentative agreement between two Eastern meat-packing firms having plants in the San Francisco Bay area and the Butchers' Union was arrived at on Monday last, thus averting a strike of more than one thousand employees.

The agreement was arrived at after several hours of conference between company officials and a committee headed by M. S. Maxwell, vice-president of the Butchers' International Union. The details of the agreement were to be settled later, and the scales for the various classifications of workers were not at once made public.

The wage demands of the Butchers' Union, averaging 7½ per cent increase, were finally met by Swift & Co. and Armour & Co. The tentative agreement affects the South San Francisco plants of the two firms and the San Francisco and Oakland branches, and other units in Sacramento, Stockton, Fresno and San Jose.

The employers agreed to union recognition and certain hour schedules last week when the negotiations first began after a strike threat.

Workers held a mass meeting in the Eagles' Hall in South San Francisco Monday night to hear details of the agreement.

REFINERY WORKERS' AGREEMENT

Retroactive to January 1 last, and to remain in effect until December 31, 1937, an agreement has just been signed between Refinery Workers' Union No. 50 and the Federated Metals Division of the American Smelting and Refining Corporation. It provides wages ranging from 58 to 89 cents an hour, as compared with previous rates of 45 to 79 cents.

Isn't there something screwy about a society in which increased ability to produce things that everyone wants brings unemployment and misery to someone? asks an I. L. N. S. writer.

Culinary Crafts Notes

By C. W. PILGRIM

Newly elected officers of Cooks, Pastry Cooks and Assistants' Union No. 44, the membership of which is approaching the 2000 mark, are: C. McDonough, president; John R. Blocker, vicepresident, and John A. St. Peter, secretary-treasurer. Members of the executive board, in addition to the officers, will be Thomas Balsh, Rene Battaglini, Charles Dempsey, Edward Cavanagh, Joseph Moore, James Claire, Steven Harris and John Grooms; board of trustees, Marco Murisich, Paul Mattern, Thomas S. Carnis; delegates to the Labor Council, Messrs. McDonough, Myers, Fleischmann, Benkert, Bernard, Battaglini, Buehrer, Chassing, Balsh and Myer. In the joint board of culinary crafts the union will be represented by Messrs. McDonough, Balsh and St. Peter.

Cooks' Union No. 44 at its last business meeting took up the matter of members working in the various hospitals and institutions of this city six days a week and for less than the wage scale demanded by the union. This matter has been a sore spot in all the culinary unions for a long period, and the Local Joint Board is on record to give its full support to all efforts made on behalf of all institutional employees to better their working and living conditions. It is high time that all the workers of this city were put upon a five-day week basis and their wages raised in proportion to the rising cost of living. Local 44 instructed its secretary to write Mayor Rossi and Dr. Geiger on this matter, which has been done, and Mayor Rossi has promised to give the matter his personal attention when the budget comes up, but Dr. Geiger can't see it at all. He states in his reply that this

is a question of public policy and feels this is not in his hands; therefore, because it would cost the city a few thousand dollars a year to raise the wages and shorten the work-week to five days he is definitely against any such proposal. Our advice to all institutional employees is: Get into your union, build it up as strongly as you possibly can, then make your demands and, if necessary, fight to make them stick.

Bartenders' Union No. 41 members, take notice that your business meeting time has been altered. The afternoon meetings are set for 1 o'clock and the night meetings for 7 o'clock. Also there is a class in parliamentary law every Wednesday afternoon and evening, beginning at 1 and 7 p. m. Bartenders are urged to attend these meetings.

Remember to tell your friends not to patronize Foster's, Clinton's, White Log Coffee Shops, Pig 'n' Whistle, or any tavern where you see a woman behind the bar serving drinks. All these places are unfair and should be avoided by organized labor.

Mayor Dore Predicts Nation's Unionization

Every industry in the United States that amounts to anything will be unionized within four years, was the prediction of Mayor John F. Dore of Seattle at a mass meeting Monday night in Los Angeles to celebrate the end of the maritime strike.

Dore and Harry Bridges, leader of West Coast longshoremen, spoke to 4000 men, most of whom went back to work last week.

"Economic revolution is now taking place," Mayor Dore declared, "and the administration is set in the right direction. The biggest factors in the labor movement today are the transportation industries. Maritime workers and teamsters are working into a position where they will be strong enough to refuse to handle goods not union-made. When that day comes the battle will end."



For instance, in the kitchen ~

AN EXTENSION TELEPHONE

So handy for calling or answering when a cake is in the oven, mayonnaise is being mixed or Junior is on the floor! This "hang-up hand telephone," shown here, is one of several types of extension telephones that are available. May we tell you more about it?

THE PACIFIC TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

444 Bush Street • Telephone GArfield 9000

DRESS UP FOR EASTER

COMPLETE HEAD TO TOE OUTFIT WITH NO CASH! USE YOUR CREDIT — PAY LATER — NO EXTRA COST

• 100% UNION STORE
• UNION MERCHANDISE

NO MONEY DOWN 40 WEEKS TO PAY

NO INTEREST OR CARRYING CHARGE

This friendly well known men's store is headquarters for thousands of smart dressers. Take advantage of Howard's simple payment plan to dress yourself from head to toe for Easter—with no penalty for "Budget Terms."

HOWARD'S, INC.

SMART CLOTHES

936 Market St. - San Francisco

LOOK!	
Suit\$ HatShoes	3.85 5.00
Shirt	1.00
Total	40.00
PAY ONLY	

\$1.00 PER WEEK

• UNION CLERKS

• UNION TAILORS

Lincoln's Birthday

Today is the anniversary of the birth of one of America's greatest and noblest sons—Abraham Lincoln. In every city, town and hamlet throughout the nation the life of the "Great Emancipator" will be reviewed and his name honored.

In all the wealth of "Lincolniana" that has been gathered nothing is more typical of the man than an autobiography of little more than five hundred words, written in his own hand in 1859, when it became apparent that he was to become a presidential candidate. It is in the possession of a Milwaukee lady, and the following extracts from the modest document are most appropriate reading for this day:

"I was born February 12, 1809, in Hardin County, Kentucky. My parents were both born in Virginia of undistinguished families, second families, I should say. My mother, who died in my tenth year, was of a family of the name of Hanks, some of whom now reside in Adams, and others in Macon County, Illinois.

"My paternal grandfather, Abraham Lincoln, emigrated from Rockingham County, Virginia, to Kentucky about 1781 or 1782, where a year or two later he was killed by Indians, not in battle, but by stealth, when he was laboring to open a farm in the forest.

"His ancestors, who were Quakers, went to Virginia from Berks County, Pennsylvania. An effort to identify them with the New England family of the same name ended in nothing more definite than a similarity of Christian names of both families, such as Enoch, Levi, Mordecai, Solomon, Abraham and the like.

"My father, at the death of his father, was but 6 years of age and he grew up literally without education. He removed from Kentucky to what is now Spencer County, Indiana, in my eighth year.

"At 21 I came to Illinois and passed the first year in Illinois—Macon County. Then I got to New Salem, where I remained a year as a sort of clerk in the store. Then came the Black Hawk war and I was elected a captain of volunteers, a success which gave me more pleasure than any I have had since. I went into the campaign, was elected, ran for the legislature the same year (1832) and was beaten. Only time I have ever been beaten by the people. The next three succeeding biennial elections I was elected to the legislature.

"During this legislation period I had studied law

GOOD FOOD

Enjoy It Day or Night

Open All Night

HENRY'S CAFETERIAS

101 TAYLOR ST., Corner of Turk
3036 16TH ST., Between Mission and Valencia
70 4TH ST., Between Mission and Market
ELECTRIC VENTILATION SPEEDY SERVICE
OUR OWN BAKERY

and removed to Springfield to practice it. In 1841 I was elected to the lower house of Congress. From 1849 to 1854 I practiced law more assiduously than ever before—always a Whig in politics, and generally on the Whig electoral tickets, making active canvasses.

"If any personal description of me is thought desirable, it may be said, I am six feet four inches in height, lean in flesh, weighing on an average 180 pounds; dark complexion, with coarse hair and grey eyes—no marks or brands recollected."

"Labor and Legislation" Will Be Subject of Broadcast Tomorrow

"Labor and Legislation" will be the subject of a discussion over the coast-to-coast network of the Columbia Broadcasting System tomorrow (Saturday), 1:30 to 2, Pacific time.

William Green, president; Matthew Woll and George Harrison, vice-presidents of the American Federation of Labor, and I. M. Ornburn, secretary-treasurer of the A. F. of L. Union Label Trades Department, will be the speakers.

Members of union labor are urged to notify their friends to listen in on this important broadcast.

To Prosecute Scrudder

Maritime News Service

A new request will be made by the Modesto Defense Committee for trial of James Scrudder, chief prosecution witness in the Modesto Standard Oil frame-up, on a charge of perjury.

The recent grand jury hearing in Modesto ended with an announcement that "no evidence was found to support the charge," although the jury had Scrudder's own confession, made in Los Angeles December 1, that he had perjured himself at the instigation of the prosecuting attorneys.

State Attorney-General U. S. Webb will now be asked to prosecute Scrudder.

Meanwhile Speaker William Moseley Jones of the California State Assembly announced the personnel of the special committee authorized by the Assembly to probe the frame-up charges. This investigation, unlike the grand jury hearing, will be public, where people and press can see and hear what goes on.

On the committee are Assemblymen Jack B. Tenney, Inglewood; John G. Clark, Los Angeles; Paul A. Richie, San Diego; Kent H. Redwine, Los Angeles, and Seth Millington, Gridley.

The first hearing will be held shortly, Tenney said after scheduling an organization meeting.

The grand jury heard Scrudder's voice on dictaphone records admitting he had lied at the trial of eight members of maritime unions in 1935 on a charge of reckless possession of explosives.

Scrudder, admitting the men had been convicted on framed evidence, said he had been instructed to lie by the prosecuting attorneys, one of whom was employed by the Standard Oil Company.

Ask Pardon for Mooney

The following resolutions, indorsed by the Bay Area Mooney Committee and adopted by I. L. A. 38-79, have been received for publication. Similar resolutions, with the names of the unions inserted, also have been received from various other organizations:

"Whereas, Tom Mooney has been incarcerated in San Quentin prison for twenty years, the victim of a vicious anti-labor frame-up, conceived and effected by certain unprincipled special interests in California; and

"Whereas, It has long been known and fully proved that Tom Mooney is innocent of the crime for which he was convicted, and that he was railroaded to prison by means of perjured testimony known to and, in fact, connived at by the district attorney who prosecuted the case, and that evidence favorable to Mooney was wilfully suppressed by the district attorney; and

"Whereas, Tom Mooney was denied every semblance of a fair and impartial trial and was convicted not for the crime he was alleged to have committed but because of his active, militant work in the labor movement and organizing the unorganized; and

"Whereas, Three presidential commissions studied the case and published conclusions that Tom Mooney was denied a fair trial and convicted by means of perjured testimony; and

"Whereas, All persons and groups interested in seeing justice done in this country believe that the frightful wrong inflicted upon Tom Mooney must be remedied, and the State of California wipe the black mark of the Mooney case from its record; now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the International Longshoremen's Association, Local 38-79, San Francisco, call upon the Legislature of the State of California to immediately pass the measure now before it calling for a full and complete pardon for Tom Mooney, and the International Longshoremen's Association hereby calls upon the Legislature of the State of California to grant said full and complete pardon to Tom Mooney immediately; and be it finally

"Resolved, That copies of this resolution be sent to each and every member of the Assembly and Senate of the State of California, to Tom Mooney, and to the press."

WAGE INCREASE IN GLASS PLANT

Announcement was made last week that a three-way agreement between the Glass Bottle Blowers' Association and the Warehousemen's Union, I. L. A. 38-44, and the Owens-Illinois Pacific Coast Company, has been made for the warehouse employees of the San Francisco plant of the glass company. The new agreement calls for a base wage of 67½ cents plus bonus, an increase from the 62½ cents per hour formerly paid. Sixty-three members of the Association were affected by the new schedule of wages.

DEATHS IN UNION RANKS

Since last reports the following members of local unions have passed away: Miles T. D'Arcy, member of Teamsters' Union No. 85; Albert T. Jerome, Bricklayers' Union No. 7; Frank E. Sias, Carmen's Union, Division 518; James Butler, I. L. A. 38-79; William F. Oeding, Typographical Union No. 21; Alfred (Al) Stehlin, Varnishers and Polishers' Union No. 134.

PEOPLE'S

An Independent 100 Per Cent Union DAIRY

CHEAP CLEANING IS EXPENSIVE

Be not deceived by cheap cleaning. Protect the health of your family by patronizing a plant where all your clothes and household goods, including rugs, are handled under the most sanitary conditions, where your clothing stays clean and pressed longer and save them from wear.

Cleaning with us is an art.

High Quality Cleaning and Finishing at Moderate Prices — You Will Be Surprised

J. ALLEC DYEING AND CLEANING WORKS

Main Office and Works
1360 MISSION STREET
PHONE HEMLOCK 3131

State Federation Calls Farm Workers' Meeting

The California State Federation of Labor has issued a call for a conference of agricultural workers to be held at the Labor Temple in San Francisco, beginning at 10 a. m. Saturday, February 27, and continuing the following day.

The call is signed by President Hopkins and Secretary Vandeleur of the Federation, together with Walter Cowan, one of its vice-presidents who is also chairman of the state committee for agriculture. It is addressed to the Federation vicepresidents, all central bodies, A. F. of L. federal agricultural unions and independent agricultural unions, and is in accordance with a plan outlined at the Federation's convention at Sacramento last year (Proposition No. 53). The conference call

Propose Statewide Organization

"Because of the many serious and acute problems and the strong organized opposition that confronts the agricultural workers of this state in their attempt to organize and better their low economic and social conditions, it is imperative that there be established one state-wide organization with a uniform program and with no conflict in jurisdiction between local unions. It is also extremely important that the many independent unions of field workers now outside the fold of the American Federation of Labor be brought under its banner."

Representation in the coming conference will be as follows: Federal agricultural unions, A. F. of L. and independent agricultural unions, and the Federation of Independent Agricultural Unions, two delegates (each); central labor bodies, one delegate, and vice-presidents of the State Federation of Labor will have the same voting rights and privileges as central body delegates.

Credentials and Propositions

Credentials are to be signed by the secretary of the organization from which they are issued and forwarded by that official to Walter Cowan, 491 Jessie street, San Francisco. Propositions and resolutions may also be sent to Cowan in advance of the conference, it being further provided that such measures may not be introduced in the conference after the first day's session.

Guild Installs New Officers and Hears Cheering Committee Reports

Newly-elected officers of the Northern California Newspaper Guild were installed at one of the most enthusiastic meetings in the history of the local newspapermen's union.

David Young took over the president's gavel, succeeding Howard Hill, who did not seek re-election. Hill was installed as first vice-president. Other officers inducted were Charles Huse, second vice-president; Patrick Casey, third vice-president; Eric A. Erickson, secretary, and Charles Irvine, treasurer. George Wilson, Lloyd S. Thompson and Frank Parker are the delegates to the San Francisco Labor Council and Estolv Ward and Richard Dyer to the East Bay Labor Council.

John F. Shelley, president of the San Francisco Central Labor Council, Sam Kagel of the Pacific Coast Labor Bureau, Henry Robinson, Guild attorney, and Brother McDonald, editor of the San Jose "Labor Gazette," addressed the meeting.

McDonald announced newspaper men of San Jose were organizing a Guild chapter, and similar announcement concerning Peninsula newspaper men was made. The membership present voted unanimously to engage Charles Irvine as part-time organizer for northern California. Committee reports revealed the past year as the most successful in the short history of the Guild. Membership in this area now totals more than 400 and is growing consistently. The only large daily unorganized in the Bay area is the Oakland "Tribune."

TO ADDRESS FELLOWSHIP ON PEACE

The Henry George Fellowship, the alumni body of the Henry George School of Social Science, will hold its monthly dinner at the Y. M. C. A., 220 Golden Gate avenue, on Monday evening, February 15. At 8 o'clock Major General J. C. Breckinridge, United States Marine Corps, commanding Department of the Pacific, will address the meeting on "Land Ownership and Its Influence for Peace in Any Nation." Joseph S. Thompson, prominent San Francisco manufacturer and president of the San Francisco Orchestra Association, will introduce the speaker.

Labor Council Election

Tonight (Friday) the San Francisco Labor Council will hold the "run-off" election for vicepresident and for one member of the executive committee

For vice-president the candidates are Lawrence Palacios and Henry Schmidt, and for the executive committee the contestants are J. Maguire and William Speers.

Polls will be open from 7:15 to 9 o'clock.

Johnson's a Real Union Store

There is one thing you union men will not see when you patronize this store. That is a lot of scab brands on the shelves. All Furnishings, Hats and Clothing bear the Union Label, except in a few remote cases where that particular part of the industry has not even one member. For instance, the sweaters have no labels because there is not a single knitter in the United States that is organized. There is room for some wide-awake knitter to cash in on the waiting demand for a union label knit garment. Johnson's new location is at 2490 Mission Street, San Francisco.—Adv.

The best prop to place under your pay envelope is the union label!

Remarkable Progress

By GEORGE HARDY (Rec. Sec. Local 87)

Building Service Employees No. 87 has just voted to accept the contract negotiated with the retail stores and merchants in San Francisco. This agreement covers fourteen large department stores and 200 smaller stores. More than three hundred janitors will be affected by this agreement, which calls for a forty-hour week and a six-day week at six hours and forty minutes for night janitors and a six-day week at six hours and forty minutes for day janitors

We have just signed a closed shop agreement with the bakeries and many grocery markets. The wage scale for every contract signed so far is \$5 a day and 75 cents per hour overtime. Our bakery contract was obtained through splendid co-operation of George Kidwell of the Bakery Wagon Drivers and the Bakers' Union.

Negotiations are now being carried on with the Building Owners and Managers' Association of San Francisco, and we are meeting with wonderful co-operation, and hope to be able to sign an agreement with every building in San Francisco in the

Our union is only five months old, and as we stand now we hope that in the near future we will be the strongest and largest union in the cty. Our success is due to the co-operation of every union and its members in San Francisco, and it shows us janitors that organized labor is backing our union 100 per cent. Many janitors are still unorganized, and we are asking that every union man in San Francisco who works with a janitor or night watchman will tell him of our union and send him up to join our organization. Our headquarters are on the third floor of the Musicians' Union building, 230 Jones street. The San Francisco "News" is the only paper 100 per cent in our organization.

-SAFEWAY-YOUR FRIENDLY GROCER offers LOW EVERY DAY SHELF PRICES

Announcing a New and Complete Line of

CAN'T BUST'EM

Work Clothing

Pre-Shrunk Blue Bib O'alls, \$1.75 Frisco Jeans, \$1.95 Carpenters' O'alls, \$2.25 Painters' O'alls, \$1.75 Express Strip O'alls, \$1.75

Market at Fifth

HALE'S BASEMENT

SUtter 8000

Run o' the Hook

William F. Oeding, elderly member of the Typographical Union engaged in the book and job branch of the trade up to his retirement some years ago, died of bronchopneumonia at St. Joseph's Hospital February 4. Mr. Oeding was born in San Francisco more than 73 years ago. He was the husband of the late Lulu Oeding and father of William Oeding, Mrs. Emma Benninghoven and Mrs. Myrtle Dehmel. Mr. Oeding was also a member of the Union Printers' Mutual Aid Society. His funeral services, at which Rev. Pitman of Trinity Center officiated, were at a Mission mortuary last Monday. Incineration of the remains was at Woodlawn Memorial Park.

Following an illness of more than three years. Benjamin Granger Ferguson died in a hospital in Napa County at 11:30 p. m. last Sunday. Mr. Ferguson was a native of Maryland and about 72 years old. He had been an intermittent member of Typographical Union No. 21 since 1905, when he first came to this jurisdiction from the G. P. O. in Washington, D. C. Before he became too ill to work he was employed on various local and Oakland daily newspapers at times. In the heyday of his health he was a man large in stature and possessed of a droll wit that provoked much laughter. Mr. Ferguson was the father of Mrs. John W. Harrity of San Francisco and Benjamin G. Ferguson of Los Angeles and a brother of Mrs. R. E. Clement of Washington, D. C., by all of whom he is survived. His wife preceded him in the great adventure some years ago. His body was expressed to Washington, D. C., for burial.

Christian Mueller, pension member of the union quite well known in the commercial branch of the industry in the years he was engaged at the trade in San Francisco, passed away last Tuesday at his home in Stockton, where he had been residing the last six years. Information of Mr. Mueller's passing came by long distance telephone as these items were being prepared for the Labor Clarion, at which time details concerning it were not available.

Charles H. Ross, one of the oldest and best known printers in California, died at 8 o'clock this morning at the San Joaquin General Hospital. He had been ailing for several weeks and was taken to the hospital yesterday morning. Ross came to Manteca twenty-three years ago and had been employed on local newspapers. He retired from active work several years ago, but held a part time job on the "Bulletin." He was born near Marys-

WEINSTEIN CO.

1041 MARKET ST. and 119 POST-KEARNY

Where you will find a complete line of UNION MADE MEN'S WORK

CLOTHING at Lowest Prices

Domestic and Imported

LIQUORS

at all four Weinstein Co. Stores

1041 MARKET

119 POST-KEARNY

615 MARKET

172 ELLIS

ville seventy-five years ago next month. He drew a pension from the Typographical Union, in which he held membership for more than fifty years. He worked at his trade in many parts of the country, including Stockton. . . . Burial will be in a plot in a cemetery at Reedley. - Manteca dispatch to Stockton "Record," February 1. ("Charlie" Ross was formerly a member of San Francisco Typographical Union. He was a versatile printer and divided his working time between the newspaper offices and commercial shops. Truly, as the Manteca dispatch says, he was among the best known printers in California.--Ed.)

J. J. Byrne, C. E. Cantrell, Anthony Grassis, F. J. Griffin, F. E. Holderby, J. A. W. McDermott, J. F. McKenna, E. M. Stone, H. M. Whitmore and D Zari constitute the committee appointed by the president of Typographical Union No. 21 pursuant to the adoption of a motion by the union at its January meeting, to investigate working conditions and formulate a plan for relief of unemployed members of the union. The committee held its initial meeting last week and organized by electing F. E. Holderby chairman and J. A. W. McDermott secretary. The committee welcomes suggestions from any member of the union. The suggestions may be addressed to or left in the hands of the secretary of the union or any member of the committee.

Are you enlisting the support of your friends, particularly those not connected with a trade union, in the campaign organized labor is making for the repeal of the anti-picketing ordinance? With the special election at which the proposition will be voted on only a little more than three weeks away, all members of the Typographical and every other trade union should evert themselves to contact all of their friends and relatives who are eligible to vote at the election and urge them, without fail, to vote "Yes" on Number Nineteen on the ballot. If you can not make the urge by personal visit or contact, call them by phone, send them a note or one of the pledge cards with which you will soon be supplied as a reminder of what they are expected and should do. If and when the pledge cards you will receive have been signed, see to it that they are returned to the chairman of your chapel, who in turn will deliver them to the headquarters of the union. With your wholehearted support and the support you can muster through constant plugging the erasure from San Francisco's ordinances of this relic of a hysterical era undoubtedly is assured. Without it the brief but sad comment the day after election may be, "Too bad, wasn't it?"

Sam Johnson, a pioneer union printer of Seattle, Wash., was a visitor in San Francisco this week, and called upon local friends. Sam, who has been visiting relatives in Arizona, has been a member of the Typographical Union for nearly fifty years, and is on the official staff of No. 202.

Warren E. Coman, secretary of Sacramento Typographical Union No. 46, has been appointed by the County Board of Supervisors to the long term (three years) on the newly-created Civil Service Board.

"Chronicle" Chapel Notes

Returning to his position on the editorial machine was Guy Swan, who has been ill with the

JAS. H. REILLY & CO.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS

29th and Dolores Streets Official Undertaker of S. F. Typographical Union No. 21

HERMAN'S HATS

Union Made

2386 MISSION STREET lear 20th Street

"flu." Guy has been off the job for some time. Don McCarthy has been doing the editorial page linotyping in Swan's absence.

Last week it was pie, this week it is "pi" in the form of a squirt that occupied Mr. Lester Reynard's time. Lester got a line in the machine that twisted just enough to allow plenty of hot metal to escape, said metal (hot) landing very squarely on his head. Emergency Hospital made repairs.

A bill for damage to one light pole from the P. G. & E. and a citation to appear before the traffic bureau of the S. F. P. D. caused Dave Anley no end of trouble last week. An automobile formerly owned by Dave (no longer in his possession) smashed the pole and the gas company wanted \$85 as damages. Satisfactory settlement of that trouble was adjusted, then the law wanted Dave to explain why his car was doing its polesmashing act on the city byways-also adjusted with satisfaction to all. All this being caused by mistaken identity.

By-pass condenser, acmedyne receiver, anode, kathode rays, impedance coil, decrement, condenser unit are a few of the words that Sammy Stanfield is throwing around this chapel, for be it known that Sammy is assisting his son in the erection of an amateur broadcasting set.

Avis Rerat returned this week from a trip to the Northwest, saving that she was glad to be back in California away from the snow and cold of abovementioned territory.

"Shopping News" Chapel Notes

The chapel received a letter from P. W. Pattison, who left here recently for the Home in Colorado Springs. "Pat's" letter radiates optimism throughout, but the most outstanding part of the letter is the praise given the personnel of the Home for courteous treatment. "Pat" has a room on the east side of the left wing; the room is well furnished, bed comfortable and meals par excellence, "Pat" is rapidly "meeting up" with the "boys," renewing many old-time acquaintances. "Pat" says he feels better already. His praise of the Home is unlimited.

With the cessation of the strike in shipping circles this plant will most likely get back into its regular routine. During the strike the production of broadsides has been curtailed in order to conserve the meager supply of paper. Ships in the harbor, Vancouver and San Pedro have considerable newsprint in their holds. When this is released there will be no further necessity for users of that product curtailing the sizes of their editions. Looks like the printing business, in all respects, is "going to town."

S. Dunn is back in the chapel after "taking up" the slack period we recently went through.

Ye chairman recently visited the snow country, around Reno, Truckee and Donner Lake. 'Twas hardly necessary, though, as plenty of the white stuff covered the Berkeley hills almost in our own back yard.

Bill Byers, senior apprentice, has a system for attending union meetings. Bill gets in his six months' attendance during the fall and winter, which leaves the summer months open for basking in the sunshine.

How about turning in some of that printed matter minus the label? The committee wants it and you'll be helping a cause you're paying to main-

Spend your union-earned wages for union-made goods and complete the union circle.

The Rochester Clothing Co.

Union Hours

Established 1906 Union Clerks

CORNER MISSION AND THIRD

Union-made Clothing, Furnishings and Hats

Mailer Notes By LEROY C. SMITH

New York Mailers' Union, in the matter of apprentices, favors a system of nepotism, apprentices favored being sons and near kin of journeyman members. Not a healthy policy for any union to adopt. The policies of the "royal family" of that union (office-holding foremen and their lieutenants) has been a first consideration of the interests of the Napoleons of that union. Doubtless the apprentice policy is looked upon favorably by the union's officers. Generally speaking, any policy having the stamp of approval of its officers is adopted. Just what happens to minorities in the

union who protest the policies of that "royal family" is usually covered up. Not so many years ago, when the leader of a minority in that union became too "dangerous" to the rule of the "royal family," if it was considered inexpedient to apply the official "steam roller" he was "bought off" by being appointed to an "executive" position of "straw boss."

By the secretary-treasurer declining to give out a monthly statement of receipts and expenditures in the "Journal" or otherwise the "boys"—M. T. D. U. officers—manage to keep much of their "doings" dark as far as their members are concerned. Under such a state of affairs members of M. T. D. U. unions should agitate against the election of delegates to the M. T. D. U. convention this year.

Now that the M. T. D. U. officers appear to have no policy looking to the welfare of its membership, it should become obvious to the members that-their usefulness is about at an end. Indications are the president has lost caste in his own union, while the prestige of the secretary-treasurer is on the wane. The status of the first vice-president of the M. T. D. U., to all appearances, has gone into an eclipse. The question arises, naturally, Why pay per capita into the treasury of an organization whose secretary-treasurer does not consider it worth his while to render the members an itemized statement of receipts and expenditures? If there exists another such organization it would be enlightening to learn of it.



ELECTRICITY IS CHEAPER IN SAN FRANCISCO

S. F. Labor Council

Labor Council meets every Friday at 8 p. m. at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp streets. Secretary's office and headquarters, Room 205. Labor Temple. The Executive and Arbitration Committees meet every Monday at 7:30 p. m. Label Section meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p. m. Headquarters phone, MArket 0056.

Snyopsis of Minutes of Meeting Held Friday Evening, February 5, 1937

Called to order at 8:15 p. m. by President Edward D. Vandeleur.

Roll Call of Officers-All present.

Minutes of Previous Meeting — Approved as printed in Labor Clarion.

Credentials - Cleaners, Dyers and Pressers, Nellie Hall; Janitors No. 9, Charles Hardy vice R. Gobish; Newspaper Guild, George Wilson, Frank Parker and Lloyd Thompson; Teamsters 85, John A. O'Connell, John P. McLaughlin, Michael Casey, William Conboy, James E. Hopkins, Edward Mc-Laughlin, John Connolly, Louis Molinary and Thomas Turner. Delegates seated.

Communications - Filed: Minutes of Building Trades Council. Metal Trades Council of Chicago, stating that Grunow radios and Grunow refrigerators are now fair, having signed union agreement. Laundry Workers 26, tendering felicitations and good wishes to newly elected officers of the Labor Council

Referred to Executive Committee: Agreement of Operative Engineers 64 with dairy industry. Photo Engravers 8, complaint against Salter Bros. Engraving Company and Walter J. Mann Engraving Company. Letters transmitting donations to Maritime Relief Fund, \$63; to Mooney Appeal Fund, \$124; to Anti-Picketing Ordinance Repeal Committee, \$839.

Referred to Secretary: Central Labor Council of Clark County, Nevada, relative to wage scale for Central Valley Project.

Referred to Law and Legislative Committee: Local Joint Board of Culinary Workers, bill to extend closing law in cafes to 4 a. m.

Referred to legislative agent at Sacramento: Any bill to be opposed that seeks to prohibit the use of the word "engineer" by corporations or members of the International Union of Operating Engineers. San Francisco Bay Area A. F. of L. Committee, resolution indorsing bill to pardon Mooney, and transmitting copies to members of the Legislature, officers of Legislature, central bodies, the press and Tom Mooney. Adopted.

Minutes of Executive Committee-Recom-

WE DON'T PATRONIZE LIST

The concerns listed below are on the "We Don't Patronize List" of the San Francisco Labor Council. Members of Labor Unions and sympa-thizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

thizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

Benatar's Cut Rate Drug Store, 807 Market.
California Building Maintenance Co., 20 Ninth.
Clinton Cafeterias.
Co-Op Manufacturing Company.
Curtis Publishing Co., publishers of "Saturday Evening Post," "Ladies' Home Journal,"
"Country Gentleman."
Don's Dollar Sedan Service, 925 Larkin.
Drake Cleaners, 249 O'Farrell and 727 Van Ness.
Forderer Cornice Works, 269 Potrero.
Foster's Lunches and Bakeries.
Goldberg, Bowen & Co., grocers, 242 Sutter.
Goldstone Bros., manufacturers overalls and workingmen's clothing.
Gordon's Sea Food Grotto, Ferry Building.
Independent Cleaning and Dyeing Works, 245
Van Ness So.
J. C. Hunken's Grocery Stores

Independent Cleaning and Dyeing Works, 245
Van Ness So.
J. C. Hunken's Grocery Stores.
Kroehler Furniture Manufacturing Company.
Pacific Label Company, 1150 Folsom.
Petri Wine Company, Battery and Vallejo.
Pioneer Motor Bearing Company, Eddy and
Van Ness.
Ritchie Engraving Company, 731 Thirteenth St.,

Oakland.
Shell Oil Company.
Standard Oil Company.
All Non-Union independent taxicabs.

Barber shops that do not display the shop card of the Journeymen Barbers' Union are unfair.

mended indorsement of wage scale and agreement of Boot and Shoe Workers with Buckingham & Hecht. Requesting Photo Engravers to transmit specifications of complaint against Sterling Photo Engraving Company, and confer with company at next meeting of committee. Conferred with committee of Laundry Wagon Drivers relative to negotiation of arbitration agreement. Report concurred in.

Reports of Unions-Street Carmen, Division 518, donated \$50 to Red Cross. Window Cleaners have controversy with Foreman & Clark. Laundry Workers report Superior Curtain Laundry unfair to union. Culinary Workers are negotiating new agreement with employers; ask ringing up union offices for list of union houses when having affairs: Clinton's, Foster's and White Log Taverns are unfair; donated \$50 to Red Cross of Cincinnati. Stove Mounters 65 have organized Wesit Heater Company. Masters, Mates and Pilots 40 are on strike with Inlandboatmen against Red Stack Towboat Company; will move ships with members on strike: donated \$50 to Red Cross and \$250 to maritime strikers. Masters, Mates and Pilots 90 will return to work, ending present strike. Filling Station Employees have signed up two companies and submitted agreement to Richfield Company. Warehousemen have signed up most of coffee houses; have settled controversy with Crockett Sugar Refinery, and are conferring with Rosenberg Rice Mill; appreciate co-operation of teamsters; have no intention to withdraw from A. F. of L. as printed in daily press. Engineers 64 are co-operating with Anti-Picketing Committee; donated \$40 to Red Cross; thank secretary for assistance. Can Workers donated \$10 to maritime workers, \$10 to textile workers, \$10 to Mooney Fund and \$100 to Anti-Picketing Fund. Cigarmakers have settled strikes with E. Goss & Co. and Petri Cigar Company; request all to demand Cigarmakers' blue label on the box; thank secretary for assistance. Glass Bottle Blowers thank Warehousemen for co-operation in securing increase in wages. Janitors have made excellent progress in organizing work and are confering with building managers. Civil Service Janitors donated \$100 to Anti-Picketing campaign. Auto Mechanics have signed agreement with Yellow Cab Company. Longshoremen returned to work today, ending the strike and winning a signal victory; appreciate the support and co-operation of general labor movement; all unions remain intact and retain all conditions enjoyed two last years; thank Council and unions for support and co-operation. Electrical Workers 151 will organize to conduct campaign for revenue bonds, No. 1 on the ballot, to enable city to distribute electric power in city. Jewelry Workers donated \$50 to Anti-Picketing Campaign, \$10 to Textile Workers and \$5 to Mooney Fund. Scalers negotiated agreement with employers and are negotiating with others. Delegate Kullberg invited unions to send delegates to Bay Area Mooney Committee, to meet on February 28. Machinists on strike in

UNION



TAILORS

UNION MEN

You can help your Union Brothers by patronizing supporters of Union Labor for 29 Years

KELLEHER & BROWNE

716 MARKET STREET

Union Tailors

shipyards; will confer with operators to negotiate settlement. Hospital Workers have met with good success in organizing hospitals; thank officers of Council for co-operation. Painters 1158 have levied assessment of 50 cents per member for Anti-Picketing Campaign.

Delegate Clarence King of Anti-Picketing Committee reported extensively on Anti-Picketing Campaign and plans to secure complete organization of and co-operation of all labor organizations.

Organizing Committee - Recommended affiliation of Glass Bottle Blowers 141, with seating of two delegates. Report concurred in.

Law and Legislative Committee-Held the second public hearing, and recommended as follows: Amendment No. 3, Health Service System-Vote yes

Amendment No. 10, Permits and Inspections-

Amendment No. 11, Disposition of Public Funds -Vote ves.

Amendment No. 14. Limitation of Special Assessments-Vote no.

Amendment No. 16, Number, Compensation of

Supervisors-Vote yes. Proposition No. 20, Prohibiting billboards near

approach to San Francisco Bay Bridge-Vote no.

Installation of Officers-Retiring President Edward D. Vandeleur installed the following elected

President, John F. Shelley; secretary-treasurer, John A. O'Connell; sergeant - at - arms, Patrick O'Brien; trustees, Anthony Brenner, John F. Coughlan, James E. Hopkins; executive committee, Harry Bridges, John C. Daly, Warren G. Denton, Mary Everson, Harry Hook, George G. Kidwell, John Metcalf, C. T. McDonough, Joseph Mc-Manus, Frank O'Brien, Patrick O'Brien, Robert Scott; organizing committee, Hugh Bell, Joe Figoni, Marguerite Finkenbinder, John Holmes, Thomas Miller, C. E. McGovern, E. Rainbow, Thomas Rotell, John F. Shelley; law and legislative committee, Emil G. Buehrer, Henry Heidelberg, George S. Hollis, James E. Hopkins, Clarence H. King, Alvin Kullberg, Lillian Olney; directors of Labor Clarion, Arthur Elston, George S. Hollis, John A. O'Connell, Fred Wettstein, M. F. Wormuth; directors Labor Council Hall Association, Daniel C. Murphy, John A. O'Connell, William H. Urmy.

Next Friday evening there will be election of vice-president between Lawrence Palacios and Henry Schmidt, and a tie to be decided between J. Maguire and William Speers for the executive

Receipts, \$982.65; expenditures, \$597.53.

Meeting adjourned at 11 p. m.

Fraternally submitted.

JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary. Note: Demand the union label on all purchases J. A. O'C. and when hiring services.

Phone UNderhill 4127

UNION STORE

BROWN & KENNEDY

FLORAL ARTISTS Funeral Work a Specialty-Lowest Prices 3089 Sixteenth St., nr. Valencia San Francisco

William W. Hansen Dan F. McLaughlin Geo. J. Asmussen

UNITED UNDERTAKERS

Established July, 1882

1096 VAN NESS AVE. SO. at Twenty-second St.
NEW FUNERAL HOME AND CHAPEL
Telephone Mission 0267

REDLICK-NEWMAN COMPANY

Complete Home Furnishers 17TH and MISSION STREETS

Recommendations

On Referendum Propositions

At the last two meetings of the Labor Council reports of the law and legislative committee on recommendations on propositions to be submitted to the electorate at the special election on March 9 were adopted. The report of the committee on all the propositions has not been completed, but it is expected that the final report of the committee on all propositions upon which action will be taken will be presented at tonight's meeting. The recommendations so far adopted are as follows:

Charter Amendment

No. 1-Revenue bonds, \$50,000,000, for VOTE YES electrical system,

2-Cash reserve funds and temporary loans, tax anticipatory notes, VOTE YES No. 3-Health service system, VOTE YES

No. 5-Putting institutional help under civil service and subject to examina-VOTE YES

No. 6-Control of harbor, VOTE YES No. 10—Permits and inspections, VOTE YES

No. 11-Disposition of public funds,

VOTE YES

No. 14—Limitation of public assessments,
VOTE NO

No. 16-Compensation of Supervisors VOTE YES

Proposition No. 19-REPEAL OF ANTI-PICKETING ORDINANCE,

VOTE YES Proposition No. 20-Prohibiting billboards near approach to San Francisco Bay VOTE NO bridge.

Miss Baltrun Reports Progress In Bag Industry Strike Confabs

Negotiations in the wholesale bag manufacturing industry's strike were resumed this week after a week of stalemate, and new conferences will be held.

Sonia Baltrun, organizer for the United Textile Workers, representing more than five hundred men and women in the four affected plants, headed a committee from her group, and the Warehousemen's Union, who have approximately thirty men involved, were represented by Warren G. Denton, president, and a committee. Marshall P. Madison, attorney, represented the employers.

"We made some progress, and hope to make further progress in our conference," Miss Baltrun said.

LOSES MEMBERSHIP

The Pacific Coast Marine Firemen, Oilers, Watertenders and Wipers' Association has expelled George Wallace from the organization under the terms of a resolution which it is stated accuse him

PROSPERITY **IS HERE AGAIN**

MAKE 1937 A BANNER YEAR



"Always Friendly"

Walter N. BRUNT PRESS

PRINTING - BADGES - BANNERS LAPEL BUTTONS

111 SEVENTH STREET Telephone MArket 7070 of "perjuring himself to frame three innocent brothers" in the recent trials in Alameda County which resulted in the conviction of Wallace himself and Earl King, E. G. Ramsay and Frank Conner in connection with the "ship murder" of George Alberts. All four of the defendants were sentenced to life imprisonment and are now in San Quentin, though appeals are pending in behalf of the three last named

Tentative Agreement Is Reached With California Towing Company

Three unions involved in the tugboat strike in the San Francisco Bay area reached tentative agreements with the California Towing Company this week, according to announcement by C. W. Deal, speaking for the unions.

The agreement provides for a flat increase of \$10 per month and cash pay for overtime after ten hours. Two boats and ten to fifteen men are affected.

The strike against the Red Stack tugs, involving about ten tugs and eighty or more men, is still in effect, and no new negotiations are pending, Deal said. Thomas Crowley, spokesman for the firm, also said that no new conferences were scheduled.

Annual Valentine Dance

Members and friends of the Millinery Workers' Union, Local No. 40, will frolic on Saturday night at the Scottish Rite Temple at their annual Valentine dance. Gary Evers' orchestra will play for the evening.

Chairman Sol Bernstein of the entertainment committee predicts a huge attendance. An array of fine talent has been secured for the evening. Those to perform are Ida Peterson, Avon Welton, Carl Peters and Walter McDaniels.

Prizes for the best, most original and most comical costumes will be awarded. A grand march will be led by Carmen Lucia, organizer for the union. The audience will judge the winners.

Friends of organized labor are cordially invited. The admission is 35 cents.



One of America's Largest Homefurnishers

February Sale of Homefurnishings

Every department in the store participates with extra savings on new, desirable furnishings for every room in the home. Take advantage of these unusual opportunities. Generous TRADE-IN allowances and LIB-ERAL TERMS.

No Money Down Up to 2 Years to Pay on Our Special Term Plan

Expresses Gratitude

ROZA M. SCHOMAKER
Chairman Publicity Committee, I. L. A. Ladies' Auxiliary

The great maritime strike which paralyzed waterborne commerce for the past three months is over. But the feeling of gratitude toward those trade unions, organizations and individuals who participated with their financial and moral assistance is far from being over.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the I. L. A. is deeply grateful for the splendid support extended during the strike. We trust that if and when a like struggle should arise in one of the other unions there be no hesitancy if our Auxiliary can be of any help whatsoever.

The past three months were extremely cold, especially on the picket line. However, due to the thoughtfulness of many labor-loving friends in donating clothes, we were able to help many a striker out. For this we sincerely thank all those who contributed toward the strike in this manner.

We well realize that without the support of labor our battle would not have been won. The Ladies' Auxiliary of the I. L. A., being vitally concerned in the past controversy, wishes to again extend its sincere gratitude for this support.

HITLER'S EXTRAVAGANCE

The Reichstag, says a Berlin wit, is the most expensive male chorus in the world. It has 741 members, who get \$240 a month each and free transportation to Berlin just for singing "Deutschland Uber Alles," "Horst Wessel," the Nazi marching song, and cheering for Adolf Hitler.

BLOOM'S

2464 Mission St. Bet. 20th and 21st THE 100% UNION STORE

NEW SPECIAL SHIPMENT JUST RECEIVED

20 OZ. BLUE SERGE

BANKER'S GREY SUITS \$3975 and \$4475

Hand Tailored — Full Silk Lined Extra Pants if Desired

Make Your Own Terms

No Interest No Carrying Charge

FREE A \$5.00 ALL-WEATHER RAINCOAT FREE with any SUIT or OVERCOAT.

CLEANED AND PRESSED PROPERLY

- We get many compliments on Men's Suits, Sport Clothes and Delicate Garments. You will be particularly pleased with our careful pressing and finishing. Our process of cleaning prolongs the life of the materials sent to us.
- We dye everything, including Rugs and Carpets.

F. THOMAS

Cleaners and Dyers Phone HEMLOCK 0180

Main Office and Works - - - 27 Tenth Street

Union Label Section

At a regular meeting of the Union Label Section held on February 3, 1937, the following business was transacted:

Meeting called to order at 8 p. m., President S. S. King in the chair. Roll call of officers showed all present except Secretary Thomas A. Rotell, who was excused on account of sickness. Minutes of the previous meeting suspended in order to save time. Brother B. A. Brundage appointed secretary pro tem.

Credentials were received as follows: Bakery and Confectionery Workers' Bay District Auxiliary, for Sisters Bessie Parker and Bertha Del Carlo; Millinery Workers No. 40, for Emma Kashuba and Elizabeth Morrill; Capmakers No. 9, for Albert Kane and Wanda Koster; Ice Wagon Drivers, for L. D. McCarthy and G. Anderson; Bill Posters and Billers No. 44, for B. A. Brundage and J. F. Nelson; Upholsterers No. 28, for S. S. King and Astri Brun; Office Employees, for George Snider vice G. Plate.

Communications: Minutes of the Building Trades Council noted and filed; United Textile Workers of America No. 2532, appeal for support; Union Label Trades Department of the A. F. of L., regarding radio broadcast on Saturday, February 13, 1:30 p. m., P. C. T., over the coast-to-coast network of the Columbia Broadcasting System.

The trustees reported favorably on bills, which were ordered paid.

Reports of Unions: Progress in a campaign to organize the men working for the P. G. & E. was reported. Jewelry Workers No. 36 are organizing in the Los Angeles district; have organized a district council; demand the Jewelers' Union label on jewelry. Hospital Workers ask your support on Proposition No. 5, March 9, 1937. Allied Printing Trades Council thanked the Label Section for past support; the campaign against the Curtis publications is commencing to bear fruit; do not purchase the "Saturday Evening Post," "Ladies' Home Journal" or the "Country Gentleman." Window Cleaners ask you to vote "yes" on proposition No. 19, repeal of the anti-picketing ordinance. Fur Workers organizing in Seattle. Bill Posters and Billers ask you to vote "no" on No. 20, March 9. Upholsterers No. 28 reported Kroehler still unfair. Cracker Bakers reported the San Francisco Biscuit Company now fair.

New Business: Amendment submitted last meeting by Delegate Weatherald was passed and adopted.

Election of Officers: The election committee, composed of H. C. Linde as judge and William Mappin and N. Beskin, tellers, reported as follows: Ballots cast, 57, as follows: For president, Neil Wallace, 48 (unopposed); S. S. King, 1 (written in); vice-president, Daniel Braimes, 48; general secretary-treasurer, Thomas A. Rotell, 47; sergeant-at-arms, Clifton Reynolds, 46; trustees, Peter Andrade, 28; Roland Miller, 25; Bert

EASY UNION TAILOR

SUITS and O'COATS to order
also
READY-TO-WEAR SUITS from \$25
"O'COATS from \$20

TERMS \$1.50 WEEKLY

NATE LEVY

Union Tailor

942 Market Street

4th Floor

GA. 0662

Hours from 8:30 A. M. to 6:00 P. M. Evenings by appointment

Moss, 33; Kay Palmer, 22; J. A. Ritchie, 26; C. Weatherald, 34; agitation committee, Ben Brundage, 49; H. I. Christie, 50; Jack Plasmier, 24; Joe Willis, 46. The chair declared elected the following officers for the ensuing term: President, Neil Wallace; vice-president, Dan Braimes; secretary-treasurer, Thomas A. Rotell; sergeant-at-arms, Clifton Reynolds; trustees, C. Weatherald, Bert Moss and Peter A. Andrade; agitation committee, Ben Brundage, H. I. Christie and Joe Willis. The election committee was discharged with a vote of thanks. The chair installed the new officers.

Receipts for January, \$371.31; expenses, \$223.50. Good of Section: The meeting adjourned to participate in the refreshments arranged for by the secretary.

Respectfully submitted.

B. A. BRUNDAGE, Secretary pro tem.

New State W.P.A. Head

Frank Y. McLaughlin, Works Progress Administrator for California, while in Washington recently, announced his resignation, at the same time saying he would take a position with the Golden Gate International Exposition. He became state relief administrator in February of 1935, later both W.P.A. and S.E.R.A. administrator for California, and subsequently devoted his entire time to the W.P.A.

William R. Lawson, district director of the W.P.A. here, has been named successor to the position vacated by McLaughlin. The new administrator is a native of this city, 36 years of age. He was formerly manager of extensive farm properties, later engaged in the marketing of California fruits in the East and also represented a large corporation as sales promotion director in the Southwest. After joining the relief administration he was district manager of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, and in April of last year was named San Francisco director for the W.P.A.

J. B. McDONALD

100% UNION

Guaranteed Used Cars 999 VAN NESS

"Runaway" Contractors

By JENNIE MATYAS

The San Francisco Joint Board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union was granted an injunction against the Advance Cloak and Suit Company, which ran away from its union contract to San Luis Obispo in the hope that it would be free to operate a non-union shop with women workers whom the firm paid \$8 and \$9 a week. By order of the court the Advance must use none but union labor. In addition to being ordered to abide by its contract, the firm must pay court expense.

This is the second injunction the union has obtained recently. The first one was against the firm of L. Handelsman & Co. In that case the firm abrogated its contract with the union and attempted to operate with cheap Chinese labor. The judge ruled that under the contract the firm was obliged to employ none but union labor. Although the Chinese are eligible to membership in the I. L. G. W. U., the firm's ambition to cut prices prevented them from continuing if they were obliged to pay whites or Chinese the union scale.

WORK OF UNION MOLDER

The bronze monument across the park from the Southern Pacific depot in Sacramento, honoring the late Theodore Judah, pioneer civil engineer of the railroad, was cast and completed by Joseph Blasofel, a staunch union molder for many years. Nearly three years were required for him to complete the work.

LOOK FOR THIS LABEL ON PRINTING

Its Presence Indicates 100% Union Product



Only Printing Label Recognized by the American Federation of Labor.

Repeal Anti-Picketing Ordinance

The proposition for repeal of this obnoxious legislation will be on the ballot at the coming

SPECIAL ELECTION MARCH 9th

Every member of Organized Labor should do his duty by casting a vote for repeal.

Vote "Yes" on Repeal

GENERAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE
FOR REPEAL OF ANTI-PICKETING ORDINANCE

1095 Market St. - Room 410

Telephone MArket 8712